

European Security and Defence College

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Curriculum

To be reviewed by	Activity number	Monitoring, Mentoring and Advising in EU Crisis Management (MMA)	ECTS 2
Feb. 2026	43		SQF-MILOF N/A

CORRELATION WITH CTG / MTG TRAs	EQUIVALENCES
Training Requirement Analysis (TRA), CTA Monitoring, Mentoring and Advising, November 2021	N/A

Target audience

Participants should be senior level civilian, police and military experts working or expected to serve in civilian or military CSDP missions and operations or in CSDP related positions at HQ level.

Preferably participants have mentoring and advising components in their line of work (including but not limited to rule of law, justice reform, democratization, corrections, police reform and security sector reform) and co-operation with local counterparts.

Priority is given to participants from EU Member States. However non-EU citizens as well as NATO staff are welcome.

Open to:

- EU member States / Institutions
- Third countries
- International Organisations

Aim

The course aims to provide future mission members with the necessary skills to successfully build a working relationship with their local counterparts and to contribute to the achievement of the mission mandate.

Furthermore, the training provides the unique opportunity for experts to exchange not only in their area of expertise – military, police, civilian, but to exchange as mentors and advisers on successes they experienced, challenges they faced, and obstacles they overcame.

Learning Outcomes			
Knowledge	LO1. Describe the EU structure and functions, and how MMA mandates are implemented in civilian CSDP missions LO2. Explain the key aspects of monitoring / mentoring/ (strategic) advising (capacity building) in the context of international missions and operations		

	LO3. Describe the EU policy and concept on MMA
	LO4. Define the different MMA tasks and the roles of mentors/advisors
	LO5. Identify symptoms of resistance
	LO6. Assess local capacity to determine effective knowledge transfer approaches
	LO7. Apply tools how to plan, organize and implement programmes and projects in
	the framework of a MMA mandate
Skills	LO8. Develop strategies on how to build a working relationship with a counterpart
OKIIIS	and how to cope with resistance
	LO9. Demonstrate the use motivation techniques
	LO10. Establish work in a cross-cultural environment
Responsibility and Autonomy	LO11. Adhere to Basic Principles according the CivOpsCdr Guidelines for MMA
	LO12. Apply methods how to build trust and a relationship with the counterpart
	LO13. Assess reasons of resistance and apply motivation strategies
	LO14. Communicate, negotiate and mediate with local and international partners
	LO15. Apply main principles of inter-cultural communication in working in a multi-
	cultural environment

Evaluation and verification of learning outcomes

The course is evaluated according to the Kirkpatrick model: it makes use of *level 1 evaluation* (based on participant's satisfaction with the course).

In order to complete the course, participants have to accomplish all learning objectives, which are evaluated based on the active contribution in the residential Module, including their syndicate session and practical activities as well as on their completion of the eLearning phases: course participants finalise the autonomous knowledge units (AKUs) and pass the tests (*mandatory*), scoring at least 80% in the incorporated out-test/quiz. Active observation by the course director/lead instructor and feedback questionnaire filled by course participants at the end of the course is used.

 $However, no \ formal \ verification \ of \ learning \ outcome \ is \ foreseen; proposed \ ECTS \ is \ based \ on \ participants' \ workload \ only.$

	Course structure			
The residential module is held over five days (one week).				
	Main Topic	Suggested Working Hours (required for individual learning)	Suggested Contents	
1.	Concept - definitions	2	 1.1 Differences between various approaches used by the civilians, military and police in peace operations 1.2 Definitions: Mentoring, Monitoring and (Strategic) Advising (MMA Guidelines) 	
2.	MMA in peace operations	2 (3)	 2.1 MMA in peace operations through the different developments in UN Missions 2.2 Awareness of increasing dilemmas of complex international peacekeeping mandates 2.3 Potential instruments and settings in which mentoring processes take place in peace operations 2.4 Strategies applied to increase local ownership and ensure sustainability 2.5 MMA in non-mission settings 	

3. General aspects of MMA	4 (2)	3.1 Mentoring/advising relationship; the role of mentors/advisors, the mentee and the context in a mentoring process
		3.2 Gender aspects3.3 The specific aspects of strategic advising
4. MMA Guidelines	5 (2)	4.1 MMA Guidelines; development and structure, compare with "MMA Manual for UNPOL"
		4.2 Basic principles with the focus on local ownership, capacity building, sustainability
		4.3 Responsibility within mission leadership
5. Mentoring &	2	5.1 First-hand exchange with an experienced mentor/advisor: challenges and successes of mentoring/advising in the context of a CSDP mission/operation
auvising in the neiu		5.2 Mentoring a local counterpart: lessons learned
		5.3 Strategies for building trust with the counterpart(s)
Phases of		6.1 Different phases of building the relationship with the mentee/counterparts
	1	6.2 Challenges to cope within the different phases
auvising		6.3 Methods to build and maintain trust in the mentor-mentee relationship
		7.1 Integrating mentoring/advising into a mission mandate
Mentoring & advising from the	2	7.2 Aspects of the mentoring/advising process that are important from the mission's operational perspective
mission perspective		7.3 Challenges and limitations of mentoring/advising in civilian crisis management operation mandates
Communication in a		8.1 Communication strategies in a mentoring/advising process
cross-cultural	3	8.2 Cross-cultural communication
context		8.3 Communicating in an inter-cultural environment
	4 (2)	9.1 Difference between interest-based and position-based negotiation (win-win situation)
Basic negotiation		9.2 Preparation for and design of a negotiation process
skills		9.3 Identifying conflict parties' interests and developing options for negotiation
		9.4 Analysing alternatives (BATNA – Best Alternative to a Negotiated Agreement)
Motivation	2	10.1 Motivation theories
		10.2 Motivating the counterpart(s) – pragmatic approach
	h 2	11.1 General reasons and theories for resistance and opposition to change (organisational)
Coping with resistance		11.2 Symptoms for resistance: behavioural changes and changes in attitude towards the mentor/advisor
		11.3 Strategies of dealing with resistance in a mentoring/advising relationship: communication, deescalation techniques, motivation, building trust
	4	12.1 Types and principles of interpretation
Moulting with		12.2 Role of the interpreter within the mentoring/advising process
12. Working with interpreters		12.3 Challenges in interpretation (mentor/advisor, interpreter, the overall context of a peace operation)
		12.4 General rules for working with and communicating through interpreters
Bringing it all together – mentoring/advising in practice	9	13.1 Role plays – applying skills and techniques learned in situations with an interpreter
	MMA Guidelines Mentoring & advising in the field Phases of mentoring& advising Mentoring & advising from the mission perspective Communication in a cross-cultural context Basic negotiation skills Motivation Coping with resistance Working with interpreters	MMA Guidelines 5 (2) Mentoring & advising in the field 2 Phases of mentoring & advising from the mission perspective 2 Communication in a cross-cultural context 3 Basic negotiation skills 4 (2) Motivation 2 Coping with resistance 2 Working with interpreters 4 Bringing it all together - mentoring/advising 9

		13.2 Practice of giving/receiving feedback during the debriefing sessions
14. Handover and reporting	3	 14.1 Evaluation, demonstration of progress, identifying areas where extra support is needed; documenting the mentoring process 14.2 Effective handover 14.3 Goals and indicators for the mentoring process; SMART objectives
TOTAL	45 (9)	

Materials

Required:

Essential eLearning:

- AKU 11B: Gender aspects of missions and operations
- AKU 29: Operating in conflict affected regions

Recommended:

Recommended study on voluntary basis:

- AKU 2: The EU Global Strategy
- AKU 55: The Strategic Compass

And relevant AKUs available on ILIAS, to be defined by the course director with support from the ESDC Secretariat (eLearning manager)

Recommended Reading material:

- CSDP Handbooks
- CivOpsCrd Guidelines on Monitoring, Mentoring and Advising

Other relevant publications on CSDP/CFSP related issues – supplemental material aimed to enhance knowledge on a specific topic

Methodology

The MMA Training mainly deals with soft skills, means interaction between persons in a multicultural and diverse environment. Therefore, the methodology in the MMA Training should be participatory and based on the concept of adult learning. It should include group work, role plays, interactive exercises and group discussions. A mixture of these methods encourages the development of skills and competencies on the basis of new knowledge through the interaction that takes place among participants with diverse experience, professional skills, and cultural backgrounds.

Additional information

The course is based on the Civilian Operations Commander *Operational Guidelines for Monitoring, Mentoring and Advising in civilian CSDP Missions (CoEU 15272/14)*.

All course participants have to prepare for the residential module by going through the relevant eLearning preparatory phase, which is mandatory.

In order to facilitate the discussion between course participants and trainers, experts, guest speakers, the **Chatham House Rule** is enforced during the residential part of the course: "participants are free to use the information received, but neither the identity nor the affiliation of the speaker(s), nor that of any other participant, may be revealed".